Disclosure: No conflict of interest to declare, Dr. Amer Siddiq Amer Nordin has received an unconditional educational grant from Johnson & Johnson Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. All other authors have no conflict of interest to declare. This work was supported by a grant from the Malaysian Ministry of Higher Education-LRGS NanoMITe (RU029-2014) and the Universiti Malaya Research Grant - Malaysia's Tobacco Control Policy Evaluation Program (RU001A-2021).



2025 Annual SRNT-E Conference

Cluj Napoca, Romania 10th-12th September 2025





"Getting Every Smoker to Participate and Quit - GEMPAQ V2.0" a Personalised Smoking Cessation Smartphone Application in Malaysia: A Pilot Randomised Controlled Trial

Ina Sharyn Kamaludin, MHSM a,b, Anne Yee, Ph.D a,g*, Lim Sin How, Ph.D b, Mahmoud Danaee, Ph.D a,b, Amer Siddiq Amer Nordin, Ph.D a,c, Kan Wei Yeong, MSc d, Zarwina Yusoff, MSc a,e, Wong Yiik Sang, BSc f, Farizah Mohd Hairi, Ph.D a,b

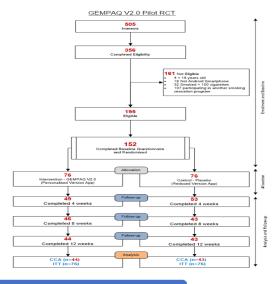
aNicotine Addiction Research Collaborating Group, Universiti Malaya Centre for Addiction Science Studies, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; Department of Social and Preventive Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; Department of Psychological Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; Department of Software Engineering, Faculty of Computer Science and Information Technology, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; Department of Computer Science and Information Technology, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; Department of Computer Science and Information Technology, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; Science and Information Technology, University of Malaysia Sarawak, Malaysia; Science Science and Information Technology, University of Malaysia Sarawak, Malaysia; Science Science and Information Technology, University Malaysia

Introduction

- Despite longstanding tobacco control efforts, 19% of Malaysians still smoke cigarettes.
- Smoking continues to pose serious health risks.
- Smartphone apps offer practical and accessible tools for smoking cessation.

Study Aims

- To evaluate the effectiveness of a novel smoking cessation smartphone app.
- The app is tailored to users' five-factor personality traits.
- Goal: To increase smoking quit rates through personalized intervention.



| Control | Cont

Results

Table 1: Baseline Data of Participants

Characteristics	Intervention Personalised Version (n = 44) n (%)	Control Basic Version (n = 43) n (%)	Total (n = 87) n (%)	p -Value
Sex				
Male	40 (90.9)	37 (86.0)	77 (88.5)	0.477
Female	4 (9.1)	6 (14.0)	10 (11.5)	
Age (mean (SD)) years	35.3 (10.22)	41.6 (13.27)	38.5 (11.75)	0.014*
Ethnicity				
Malay	30 (68.2)	16 (37.2)	46 (52.7)	0.014*
Chinese	5 (11.4)	9 (20.9)	14 (16.2)	
Indian	1 (2.3)	7 (16.3)	8 (9.3)	
Others	8 (18.2)	11 (25.6)	19 (21.8)	
Marital Status				
Married/Cohabitating	23 (52.3)	27 (62.8)	50 (57.5)	0.067
Separated/Divorced/Widowed	1 (2.3)	5 (11.6)	6 (6.9)	
Single	20 (45.5)	11 (25.6)	31 (35.6)	
Education				
Low (upper secondary and lower)	22 (50.0)	22 (51.2)	44 (50.6)	0.919
Moderate (diploma certificate)	7 (15.9)	8 (13.3)	15 (17.2)	
High (university and higher)	15 (34.1)	13 (30.2)	28 (32.2)	
Employment Status				
Full Time	32 (72.7)	36 (83.7)	68 (78.2)	0.414
Part Time	2 (4.5)	3 (7.0)	5 (5.7)	
Unemployed/Retired/Others	7 (15.9)	3 (7.0)	10 (11.5)	
Student	3 (6.8)	1 (2.3)	4 (4.6)	
Monthly Income				
Low (less than USD1088)	37 (84.1)	23 (53.5)	60 (69.0)	0.003*
Middle (USD1089 to USD2461)	4 (9.1)	16 (37.2)	20 (23.0)	
High (USD2462 and above)	3 (6.8)	4 (9.3)	7 (8.0)	
Smoking Behaviour				
Age started smoking years (mean (SD))	18.3 (3.26)	17.1 (2.51)	17.7 (2.89)	0.049*
Cigarettes per day (mean (SD))	8.5 (6.08)	10.2 (4.96)	9.4 (5.52)	0.150
	29 (65.9)			

Methods

- An automated, parallel, 2-group: intervention (personalised app), control (placebo using basic app), double-blinded, randomised controlled pilot trial with a 12week.
- Generalised Estimating Equations analysis was applied to repeatedly measure the primary outcome, self-reported abstinence, throughout the trial.

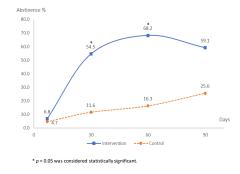


Figure 1: 7-day PPA Self-Reported Abstinence- CCA

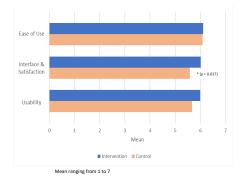


Figure 2: mHealth App Usability Questionnaire (MAUQ) Outcomes

Conclusion

- ✓ Smokers' cessation rates are higher among the intervention group
- This research provides preliminary evidence that using personalised smartphone cessation applications aids smoking cessation.

Disclosure

(RU029-2014) and the Univ		ysian Ministry of Higher Educa Grant - Malaysia's Tobacco Cor	
Program (RU001A-2021).			
Please add "yes" or	Tobacco	E-cigarette &	Pharma
"no" to each table	Industry	nicotine product industry	Industry
cell. If "yes", please		(excluding pharma)	
turn cell background			
color to yellow.			
The work being			
presented has			
received funding or			
other means of	No	No	No
support from any of			
the following			
sources:			
Any of the authors			
have received			
funding (including			
consultancy) from	No	No	Yes
any of the following			
sources in the past 5			

Acknowledgments

Extreme gratitude to funders (RU029-2014 & RU001A-2021) and all those who contributed to the design, development, conduct and participation in the GEMPAQ V2.0 study.



